

Electric Utilities Sector Supplement—Reference Sheet

Principles for Defining Report Content

MATERIALITY The information in a report should cover topics and Indicators that reflect the organization's significant economic, environmental, and social impacts, or that would substantively influence the assessments and decisions of stakeholders.

STAKEHOLDER INCLUSIVENESS The reporting organization should identify its stakeholders and explain in the report how it has responded to their reasonable expectations and interests.

SUSTAINABILITY CONTEXT The report should present the organization's performance in the wider context of

COMPLETENESS Coverage of the material topics and Indicators and definition of the report boundary should be sufficient to reflect significant economic, environmental, and social impacts and enable stakeholders to assess the reporting organization's performance in the reporting period.

Standard Disclosures: Profile

Introductory Section to EUSS

Strategy and Analysis

- Statement from the most senior decisionmaker of the organization (e.g., CEO, chair, or equivalent senior position) about the relevance of sustainability to the organization and its strategy.
 - The statement should present the overall vision and strategy for the short-term, medium-term (e.g., 3-5 years), and long-term, particularly with regard to managing the key challenges associated with economic, environmental, and social performance. The statement should
 - Strategic priorities and key topics for the short/ medium-term with regard to sustainability, including respect for internationally agreed standards and how they relate to long-term organizational strategy and success;
 - Broader trends (e.g., macroeconomic or political) affecting the organization and influencing sustainability priorities;
 - Key events, achievements, and failures during the reporting period:
 - · Views on performance with respect to targets;
 - Outlook on the organization's main challenges and targets for the next year and goals for the coming 3-5 years; and
 - Other items pertaining to the organization's strategic approach.
- Description of key impacts, risks, and opportunities.

The reporting organization should provide two concise narrative sections on key impacts, risks, and opportunities.

Section One should focus on the organization's key impacts on sustainability and effects on stakeholders, including rights as defined by national laws and relevant internationally agreed standards. This should take into account the range of reasonable expectations and interests of the organization's stakeholders. This section should include:

- A description of the significant impacts the organization has on sustainability and associated challenges and opportunities. This includes the effect on stakeholders' rights as defined by national laws and the expectations in internationally-agreed standards and norms;
- · An explanation of the approach to prioritizing these challenges and opportunities;
- Key conclusions about progress in addressing these topics and related performance in the reporting period. This includes an assessment of reasons for underperformance or overperformance; and
- A description of the main processes in place to address performance and/or relevant changes. Section Two should focus on the impact of
- sustainability trends, risks, and opportunities on the long-term prospects and financial performance of the organization. This should concentrate specifically on information relevant to financial stakeholders or that could become so in the future. Section Two should include the
- A description of the most important risks and opportunities for the organization arising from sustainability trends;
- Prioritization of key sustainability topics as risks and opportunities according to their relevance for long-term organizational strategy, competitive position, qualitative, and (if possible) quantitative financial value drivers;
- Table(s) summarizing:
- Targets, performance against targets, and lessons-learned for the current reporting period;
- Targets for the next reporting period and midterm objectives and goals (i.e., 3-5 years) related to key risks and opportunities.
- Concise description of governance mechanisms in place to specifically manage these risks and opportunities, and identification of other related risks and opportunities.

Organizational Profile

- Name of the organization.
- Primary brands, products, and/or services. The reporting organization should indicate the nature of its role in providing these products and services, and the degree to which it utilizes outsourcing.

- including main divisions, operating companies, subsidiaries, and joint ventures.
- Location of organization's headquarters.
- Number of countries where the organization operates, and names of countries with eithe major operations or that are specifically relevant to the sustainability issues covered in the report.
- Nature of ownership and legal form.
- Markets served (including geographic customers/beneficiaries).
- Scale of the reporting organization, including:
 - Number of employees;
 - Net sales (for private sector organizations) or net revenues (for public sector organizations);
 - · Total capitalization broken down in terms of debt and equity (for private sector organizations); and
 - In addition to the above, reporting organizations are encouraged to provide additional information,

 - Beneficial ownership (including identity and percentage of ownership of largest shareholders);
 - Breakdowns by country/region of the following:
 - Sales/revenues by countries/regions that make up 5 percent or more of total revenues;
 - Costs by countries/regions that make up 5 percent or more of total revenues; and
 - **Employees**
- Significant changes during the reporting period regarding size, structure, or ownership including:
 - The location of, or changes in operations, including facility openings, closings, and
 - Changes in the share capital structure and other capital formation, maintenance, and alteration operations (for private sector organizations).
- 2.10 Awards received in the reporting period

EUSS ORGANIZATIONAL PROFILE PROTOCOLS Installed capacity, broken down by primary

- energy source and by regulatory regime.
- Net energy output broken down by primary energy source and by regulatory regime
- Number of residential, industrial, institutional and commercial customer accounts.
- Length of above and underground transmission
- Allocation of CO2e emissions allowances or equivalent, broken down by carbon trading

Report Parameters

- Reporting period (e.g., fiscal/calendar year) for information provided.
- Date of most recent previous report (if any).
- Reporting cycle (annual, biennial, etc.)
- Contact point for questions regarding the report

REPORT SCOPE AND BOUNDARY

- **3.5** Process for defining report content, including:
 - · Determining materiality;
 - · Prioritizing topics within the report; and Identifying stakeholders the organization expects
 - Boundary of the report (e.g., countries, divisions, subsidiaries, leased facilities, joint ventures

suppliers). See GRI Boundary Protocol for further

- State any specific limitations on the scope or
- Basis for reporting on joint ventures, subsidiaries, leased facilities, outsourced operations, and other entities that can significantly affect comparability from period to period and/or
- Data measurement techniques and the bases of calculations, including assumptions and techniques underlying estimations applied to the compilation of the Indicators and other

Principles for Ensuring Report Quality

BALANCE The report should reflect positive and negative aspects of the organization's performance to enable a reasoned assessment of overall performance.

COMPARABILITY Issues and information should be selected, compiled, and reported consistently. Reported information should be presented in a manner that enables stakeholders to analyze changes in the organization's performance over time, and could support analysis relative to other organizations.

ACCURACY The reported information should be sufficiently accurate and detailed for stakeholders to assess the reporting organization's performance.

TIMELINESS Reporting occurs on a regular schedule and information is available in time for stakeholders to

CLARITY Information should be made available in a manner that is understandable and accessible to stakeholders using the report.

RELIABILITY Information and processes used in the preparation of a report should be gathered, recorded, compiled, analyzed, and disclosed in a way that could be subject to examination and that establishes the quality and materiality of the information.

KEY TO SECTOR SUPPLEMENT CONTENT

EUxx Denotes new Indicator Protocol

Sector-specific Commentary is marked by red boxes.

Sector-specific Categories, Aspects, and Indicators are marked by red font.

- 3.10 Explanation of the effect of any re-statements of information provided in earlier reports, and the reasons for such re-statement (e.g., mergers/ acquisitions, change of base years/periods,
- nature of business, measurement methods). Significant changes from previous reporting periods in the scope, boundary, or measurement methods applied in the report.

GRI CONTENT INDEX

- Table identifying the location of the Standard Disclosures in the report. Identify the page numbers or web links where the following can be
 - Strategy and Analysis 1.1 1.2;
 - Organizational Profile 2.1 2.10:
 - Report Parameters 3.1 3.13:
 - Governance, Commitments, and Engagement
 - Disclosure of Management Approach, per category;
 - Core Performance Indicators:
 - Any GRI Additional Indicators that were included:
 - Any GRI Sector Supplement Indicators included in the report.

ASSURANCE

3.13 Policy and current practice with regard to seeking external assurance for the report. If not included in the assurance report accompanying the sustainability report, explain the scope and basis of any external assurance provided. Also explain the relationship between the reporting organization and the assurance provider(s).

Governance, Commitments, and Engagement

GOVERNANCE

- Governance structure of the organization, including committees under the highest governance body responsible for specific tasks, such as setting strategy or organizational oversight.
- Indicate whether the Chair of the highest governance body is also an executive officer (and, if so, their function within the organization's management and the reasons for this arrangement)
- For organizations that have a unitary board structure, state the number of members of the highest governance body that are independent and/or non-executive members.
 - State how the organization defines 'independent' and 'non-executive'. This element applies only for organizations that have unitary board structures. See the glossary for a definition of 'independent'.
- Mechanisms for shareholders and employees to provide recommendations or direction to the highest governance body

Include reference to processes regarding:

- The use of shareholder resolutions or other mechanisms for enabling minority shareholders o express opinions to the highest go body; and
- · Informing and consulting employees about the working relationships with formal representation bodies such as organization level 'work councils', and representation of employees in the highest governance body.
- Identify topics related to economic. environmental, and social performance raised through these mechanisms during the reporting
- Linkage between compensation for members of the highest governance body, senior managers, and executives (including departure arrangements), and the organization's performance (including social and environmental performance).
- Processes in place for the highest governance body to ensure conflicts of interest are avoided.
- Process for determining the qualifications and expertise of the members of the highest governance body for guiding the organization's strategy on economic, environmental, and social
- Internally developed statements of mission or values, codes of conduct, and principles relevant to economic, environmental, and social performance and the status of their implementation.

- Explain the degree to which these:
- Are applied across the organization in different regions and department/units; and
- · Relate to internationally agreed standards.
- Procedures of the highest governance body for overseeing the organization's identification and management of economic, environmental, and social performance, including relevant risks and opportunities, and adherence or compliance with internationally agreed standards, codes of conduct, and principles.
 - Include frequency with which the highest governance body assesses sustainability performance.
- **4.10** Processes for evaluating the highest governance body's own performance, particularly with respect to economic, environmental, and social

COMMITMENTS TO EXTERNAL INITIATIVES

4.11 Explanation of whether and how the precautionary approach or principle is addressed by the organization.

Article 15 of the Rio Principles introduced the precautionary approach. A response to 4.11 could address the organization's approach to risk management in operational planning or the development and introduction of new products.

- **4.12** Externally developed economic, environmental, and social charters, principles, or other initiatives to which the organization subscribes or endorses. Include date of adoption, countries/operations where applied, and the range of stakeholders involved in the development and governance of these initiatives (e.g., multi-stakeholder, etc.). Differentiate between non-binding, voluntary initiatives and those with which the organization has an obligation to comply.
- 4.13 Memberships in associations (such as industry associations) and/or national/international advocacy organizations in which the
 - · Has positions in governance bodies;
 - · Participates in projects or committees; · Provides substantive funding beyond routine
 - membership dues; or · Views membership as strategic.

This refers primarily to memberships maintained at the organizational level.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The following Disclosure Items refer to general stakeholder engagement conducted by the organization over the course of the reporting period. These Disclosures are not limited to stakeholder engagement implemented for the purposes of preparing a sustainability report.

List of stakeholder groups engaged by the organization

Examples of stakeholder groups are:

- · Communities;
- · Civil society:
- · Shareholders and providers of capital;
- · Employees, other workers, and their trade unions 4.15 Basis for identification and selection of

stakeholders with whom to engage This includes the organization's process for defining its stakeholder groups, and for determining the groups with which to engage and not to engage.

- Approaches to stakeholder engagement, including frequency of engagement by type and by stakeholder group.
- Key topics and concerns that have been raised through stakeholder engagement, and how the organization has responded to those key topics and concerns, including through its reporting.



Source: Global Reporting Initiative—

Sustainability Reporting Guidelines, Version 3.0. The information in this document has been extracted from its original format to provide a summary of the GRI Guidelines. The complete source document can be

downloaded for free at www.globalreporting.org



Categories (6)

ASPECTS

- XX01 Core Indicators are those Indicators identified in the GRI Guidelines to be of interest to most stakeholders and assumed to be material unless deemed otherwise on the basis of the GRI Reporting Principles.
- **XX01 Additional Indicators** are those Indicators identified in the GRI Guidelines that represent emerging practice or address topics that may be material to some organizations but not generally for a majority

Economic

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE

- EC1 Direct economic value generated and distributed, including revenues, operating costs, employee compensation, donations and other $community\ investments, retained\ earnings, and$ payments to capital providers and governments.
- EC2 Financial implications and other risks and opportunities for the organization's activities due to climate change.
- **EC3** Coverage of the organization's defined benefit plan obligations
- EC4 Significant financial assistance received from government.

MARKET PRESENCE

- Range of ratios of standard entry level wage compared to local minimum wage at significant locations of operation.
- **EC6** Policy, practices, and proportion of spending on locally-based suppliers at significant locations of operation
- **EC7** Procedures for local hiring and proportion of senior management hired from the local community at locations of significant operation.

INDIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACTS

- **EC8** Development and impact of infrastructure investments and services provided primarily for public benefit through commercial, inkind, or pro bono engagement.
- **EC9** Understanding and describing significant indirect economic impacts, including the extent

AVAILABILITY AND RELIABILITY

- EU6 Management approach to ensure short and longterm electricity availability and reliability
- **EU10** Planned capacity against projected electricity demand over the long term, broken down by energy source and regulatory regime.

DEMAN-SIDE MANAGEMENT

- **EU7** Demand-side management programs including residential, commercial, institutional and industrial programs.
- **EU11** Average generation efficiency of thermal plants by energy source and regulatory regime.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

EU8 Research and development activity and expenditure aimed at providing reliable electricity and promoting sustainable

PLANT DECOMISSIONING

Provisions for decommissioning of nuclear power

SYSTEM EFFICIENCY

EU12 Transmission and distribution losses as a percentage of total energy

Environmental

MATERIALS

- EN1 Materials used by weight or volume.
- input materials

- **EN3** Direct energy consumption by primary energy
- **EN4** Indirect energy consumption by primary source.
- Energy saved due to conservation and efficiency
- **EN6** Initiatives to provide energy-efficient or renewable energy based products and services,

and reductions in energy requirements as a result

EN7 Initiatives to reduce indirect energy consumption and reductions achieved.

WATER

of these initiatives.

EN8 Total water withdrawal by source.

- Water sources significantly affected by withdrawal of water
- EN10 Percentage and total volume of water recycled
- and reused.



Source: Global Reporting Initiative— Sustainability Reporting Guidelines, Version 3.0.

- EN11 Location and size of land owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected
- **EN12** Description of significant impacts of activities, products, and services on biodiversity in protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas.
- Biodiversity of offset habitats compared to the biodiversity of the affected areas.
- EN13 Habitats protected or restored.
- EN14 Strategies, current actions, and future plans for managing impacts on biodiversity.
- **EN15** Number of IUCN Red List species and national conservation list species with habitats in areas affected by operations, by level of extinction risk

EMISSIONS, EFFLUENTS, AND WASTE

- EN16 Total direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions by weight.
- **EN17** Other relevant indirect greenhouse gas emissions
- EN18 Initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and reductions achieved.
- **EN19** Emissions of ozone-depleting substances by weight.
- **EN20** NO, SO, and other significant air emissions by
- type and weight. **EN21** Total water discharge by quality and destination.
- EN22 Total weight of waste by type and disposal method.
- **EN23** Total number and volume of significant spills.
- EN24 Weight of transported, imported, exported, or treated waste deemed hazardous under the terms of the Basel Convention Annex I, II, III, and VIII, and percentage of transported waste shipped internationally.
- **EN25** Identity, size, protected status, and biodiversity value of water bodies and related habitats significantly affected by the reporting organization's discharges of water and runoff.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

- **EN26** Initiatives to mitigate environmental impacts of products and services, and extent of impact
- **EN27** Percentage of products sold and their packaging materials that are reclaimed by category.

EN28 Monetary value of significant fines and total number of non-monetary sanctions for noncompliance with environmental laws and regulations.

TRANSPORT

EN29 Significant environmental impacts of transporting products and other goods and materials used for the organization's operations and transporting members of the workforce.

OVERALL

EN30 Total environmental protection expenditures and investments by type

Labor Practices and Decent Work

EMPLOYMENT

- (LA1 Total workforce by employment type, employment contract, and region.
- Total number and rate of employee turnover by age group, gender, and region.
- **EU14** Processes and processes to ensure the availability of a skilled workforce.
- **EU15** Percentage of employees eligible to retire in the next 5 and 10 years broken down by job category and by region.
- **EU16** Policies and requirements regarding health and safety of employees and employees of contractors and subcontractors.
- **EU17** Days worked by contractor and subcontractor employees involved in construction, operation and maintenance activities.
- **EU18** Percentage of contractor and subcontractor employees that have undergone relevant health and safety training.
- Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees, by major operations.

LABOR/MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

- LA4 Percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements.
- Minimum notice period(s) regarding operational LA5 changes, including whether it is specified in collective agreements.

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY

- Percentage of total workforce represented in formal joint management-worker health and safety committees that help monitor and advise on occupational health and safety programs.
- Rates of injury, occupational diseases, lost days, and absenteeism, and number of workrelated fatalities by region.
- Education, training, counseling, prevention, and risk-control programs in place to assist workforce members, their families, or community members regarding serious diseases.

Health and safety topics covered in formal agreements with trade unions.

TRAINING AND EDUCATION

- LA10 Average hours of training per year per employee by employee category.
- LA11 Programs for skills management and lifelong learning that support the continued employability of employees and assist them in managing career endings.
- LA12 Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews

DIVERSITY AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

- LA13 Composition of governance bodies and breakdown of employees per category according to gender, age group, minority group membership, and other indicators of diversity.
- LA14 Ratio of basic salary of men to women by employee category.

Human Rights

INVESTMENT AND PROCUREMENT PRACTICES

- Percentage and total number of significant investment agreements that include human rights clauses or that have undergone human rights screening.
- Percentage of significant suppliers and contractors that have undergone screening on human rights and actions taken.
- Total hours of employee training on policies and procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to operations, including the percentage of employees trained.

NON-DISCRIMINATION

Total number of incidents of discrimination and actions taken.

FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION AND **COLLECTIVE BARGAINING**

Operations identified in which the right to exercise freedom of association and collective bargaining may be at significant risk, and actions taken to support these rights.

CHILD LABOR

Operations identified as having significant risk for incidents of child labor, and measures taken to contribute to the elimination of child labor

FORCED AND COMPULSORY LABOR

Operations identified as having significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labor, and measures to contribute to the elimination of forced or compulsory labor.

SECURITY PRACTICES

Percentage of security personnel trained in the organization's policies or procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to

INDIGENOUS RIGHTS

Total number of incidents of violations involving rights of indigenous people and actions taken.

Society

COMMUNITY

- Nature, scope, and effectiveness of any programs and practices that assess and manage the impacts of operations on communities, including entering, operating, and exiting.
- EU19 Stakeholder participation in the decision making process related to energy planning and infrastructure development.
- **EU20** Approach to managing the impacts of displacement.
- **EU22** Number of people physically or economically displaced and compensation, broken down by type of project.

CORRUPTION

- Percentage and total number of business units analyzed for risks related to corruption.
- Percentage of employees trained in organization's anti-corruption policies and
- Actions taken in response to incidents of corruption.

PUBLIC POLICY

- Public policy positions and participation in public policy development and lobbying.
- Total value of financial and in-kind contributions to political parties, politicians, and related institutions by country.

ANTI-COMPETITIVE BEHAVIOR

Total number of legal actions for anticompetitive behavior, anti-trust, and monopoly practices and their outcomes.

508 Monetary value of significant fines and total number of non-monetary sanctions for noncompliance with laws and regulations.

DISASTER/EMERGERNCY PLANNING AND RESPONSE

EU21 Contingency planning measures, disaster/ emergency management plan and training programs, and recovery/restoration plans.

Product Responsibility

CUSTOMER HEALTH AND SAFETY

- PR1 Life cycle stages in which health and safety impacts of products and services are assessed for improvement, and percentage of significant products and services categories subject to such procedures.
- Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning health and safety impacts of products and services during their life cycle, by type of outcomes
- **EU25** Number of injuries and fatalities to the public involving company assets, including legal judgments, settlements and pending legal cases

PRODUCT AND SERVICE LABELING

- **PR3** Type of product and service information required by procedures, and percentage of significant products and services subject to such information requirements.
- Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning product and service information and labeling, by type of outcomes.
- PR5 Practices related to customer satisfaction, including results of surveys measuring customer satisfaction.

MARKETING COMMUNICATIONS

- Programs for adherence to laws, standards, and voluntary codes related to marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship.
- Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning marketing communications, including advertising, promotion, and sponsorship by type of outcomes.

CUSTOMER PRIVACY Total number of substantiated complaints regarding breaches of customer privacy and

losses of customer data.

COMPLIANCE PR9 Monetary value of significant fines for noncompliance with laws and regulations concerning the provision and use of products

and services.

EU23 Programs, including those in partnership with government, to improve or maintain access to

electricity and customer support services.

- EU26 Percentage of population unserved in licensed distribution or service areas. **EU27** Number of residential disconnections for
- non-payment, broken down by duration of disconnection and by regulatory regime.
- EU28 Power outage frequency. EU29 Average power outage duration.
- Average plant availability factor by energy source and by regulatory regime.

PROVISION OF INFORMATION

EU24 Practices to address language, cultural, low literacy and disability related barriers to accessing and safely using electricity and customer support services.

Standard Disclosures: Management Approach

The Disclosure(s) on Management Approach is intended to address the organization's approach to managing the sustainability topics associated vith risks and opportunities

The organization can structure its Disclosure(s) on Management Approach to cover the full range of Aspects under a given Category or group its responses differently. However, all of the Aspects associated with each category should be

addressed regardless of the format or grouping. Disclosures on Management Approach include:

- Goals and performance
- Organizational responsibility Training and awareness*
- Monitoring and follow up* · Additional contextual information

*not applicable to Economic (EC) indicators

A sustainability report should include in its boundary all entities that generate significant sustainability impacts (actual and potential) and/or all entities over which the reporting organization exercises control or significant influence with regard to financial and operating policies and practices.